



A Tradition of Stewardship
A Commitment to Service

Our Groundwater Resources in Napa County

Sustainable Groundwater Management Act

Implementation Update

WICC Public Workshop
Board of Education-Imola Ave, Napa, CA
November 03, 2016

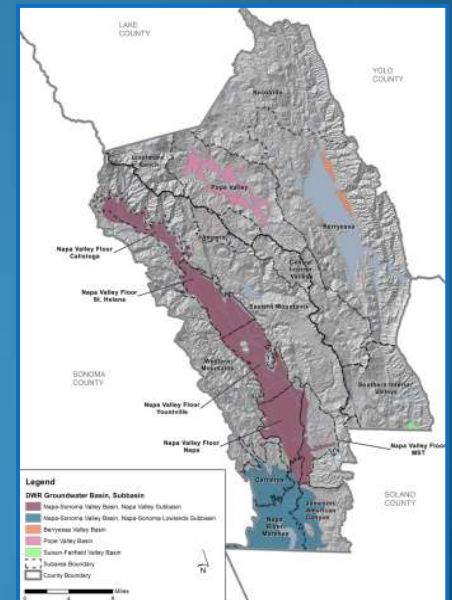




A Tradition of Stewardship
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Purpose of the Workshop

- Update on Implementation of SGMA in Napa County for the **Napa Valley Subbasin**
- **Hear from You:** questions and comments on...
 - Sustainable GW Management Act (SGMA)
 - Napa Valley Groundwater Subbasin draft **Basin Analysis Report**
- Review Next Steps.....



Sustainable Groundwater Management Act



- Signed into law Sept. 16, 2014 by Governor Brown
 - Three-bill package that collectively creates a new structure for sustainable management of California's groundwater basins. (Senate Bill (SB) 1168, Assembly Bill (AB) 1739, and SB 1319)
- Represents a significant change in State's history of water management, providing framework and authority at the Local and State level to advance groundwater management planning.
- A central feature of the Act is the recognition that groundwater management in California is best accomplished locally.
- Establishes a **definition** of sustainable groundwater management, provides local agency authority, **prioritizes basins** with the greatest need, and sets a **timeline** for implementation.

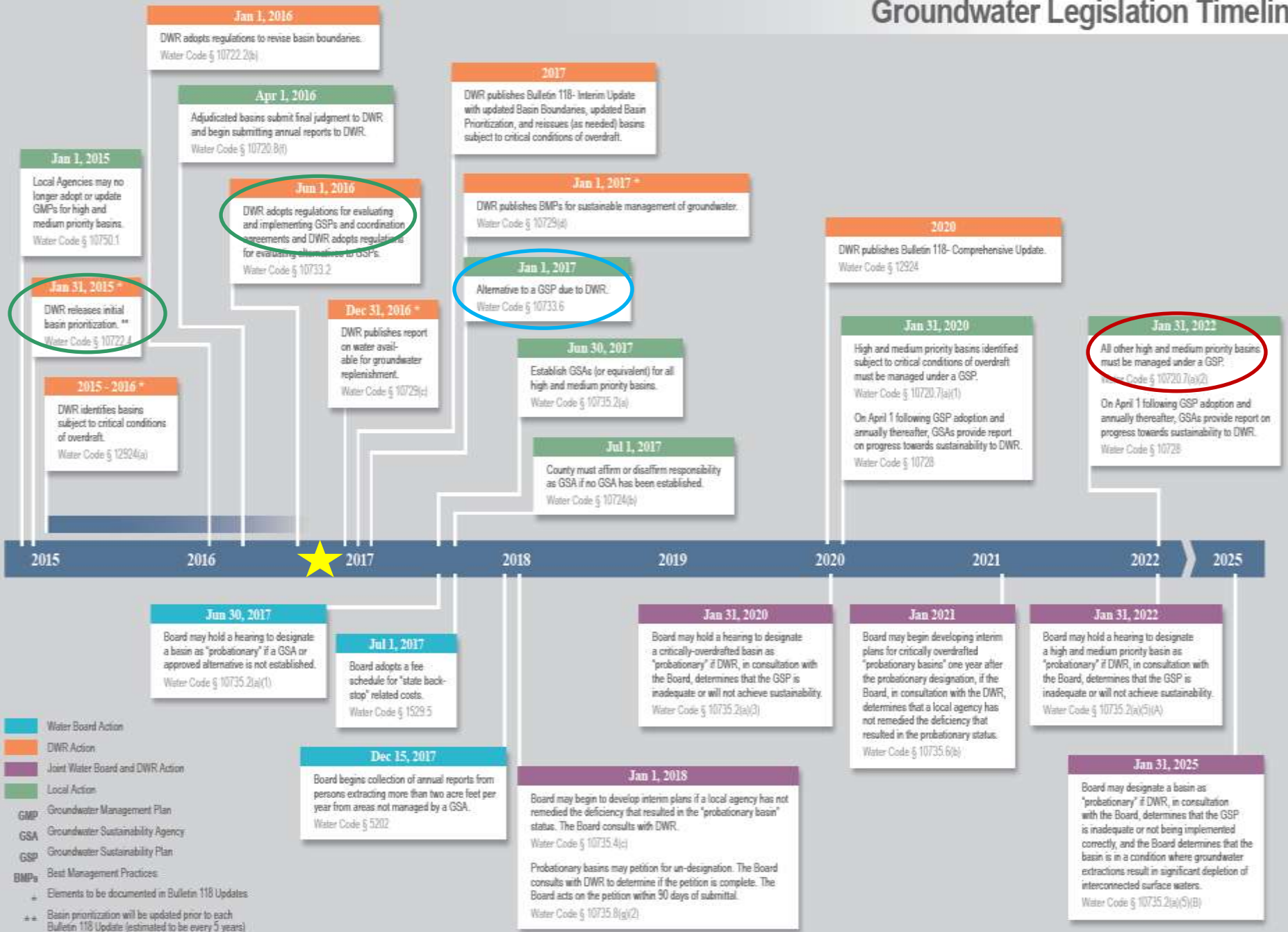
Sustainable Groundwater Management



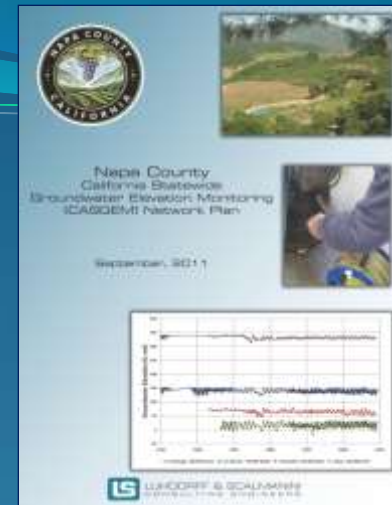
The SGMA defines sustainable groundwater management as :

“the management and use of groundwater in a manner that can be maintained during the planning and implementation horizon without causing undesirable results.”

Groundwater Legislation Timeline



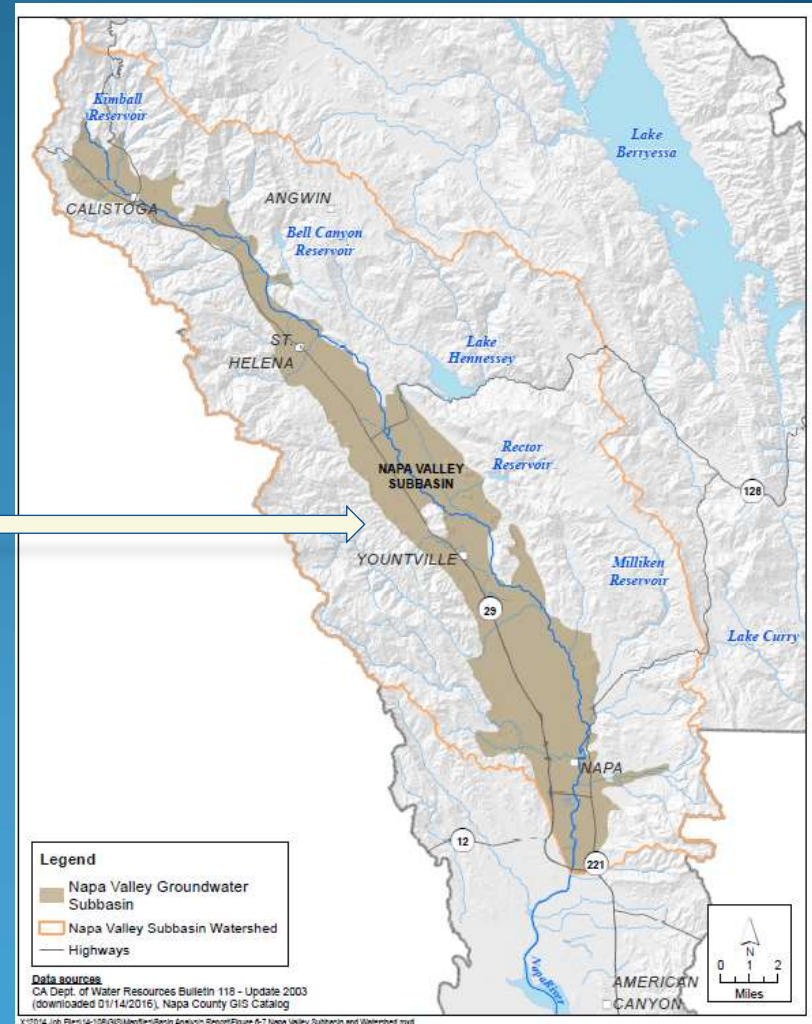
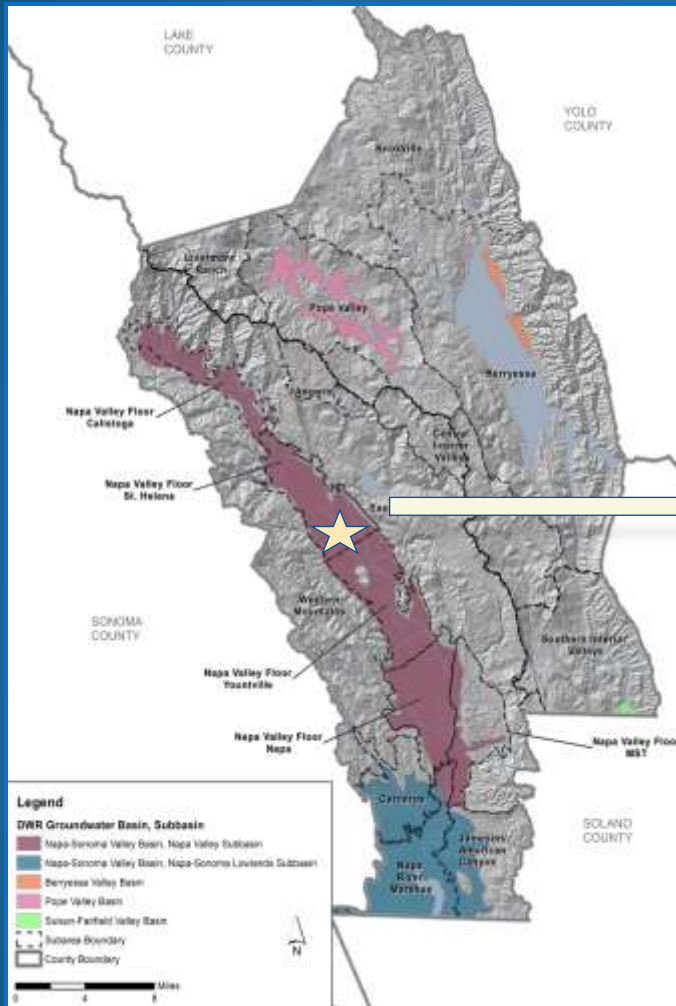
Groundwater Basin Prioritization



- Department of Water Resources (DWR) established the priority for groundwater basins statewide.
- Only high and medium priority basins are subject to the SGMA requirements at this time
- DWR determined that the current CASGEM basin prioritizations are sufficient for this purpose
- Under CASGEM, the **Napa Valley** subbasin is designated as a **medium priority**

Napa County Groundwater Basins/ Sub-Basins (DWR)

Napa Valley Groundwater Subbasin



Groundwater Sustainability Agencies

- SGMA promotes coordinated management of groundwater basins and allows a local agency (or combination) to form a Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA).
 - A “local agency” is defined as “a local public agency that has water supply, water management, or land use responsibilities within a groundwater basin.”
 - The Act provides for a broad range of new authorities and responsibilities, including the ability to assess fees to cover the cost of the program
 - Local agencies in high- and medium-priority groundwater basins have until June 30, 2017 to form a GSA.
- Counties are presumed to be the GSA for basins or portions not otherwise covered by another GSA, and must notify DWR
- A GSA is not required where it is demonstrated to DWR that the basin is being managed sustainably, as defined by SGMA

Groundwater Sustainability Plans

- In high- and medium-priority basins, the local agency must develop a GSP or Alternative provided by SGMA
 - each basin must be covered by a single plan developed by one or more agencies, or by multiple/coordinated plans
- The local agency must adopt a GSP and submit to DWR by:
 - (1) January 31, 2020, for all high or medium priority basins that are subject to critical conditions of overdraft, or
 - (2) January 31, 2022, for all other high and medium priority basins (Napa Valley subbasin) unless the local agency establishes it is otherwise being sustainably managed, or the basin is adjudicated.
 - Low and very low priority basins are encouraged to adopt GSPs, but they are not required to do so.
- The California Water Commission adopted Regulations for GSPs and Alternatives May 18th which became effective June 1, 2016.



Groundwater Sustainability: Basin Analysis Report-Alternative

- A local agency or GSA may elect to submit an Alternative that demonstrates the basin is being managed sustainably
 - On March 3, 2015 the Board of Supervisors carefully considered SGMA implementation and directed staff to pursue the Alternative option, which would allow us to act sooner rather than later and was cost effective.
 - The Alternative is a Basin Analysis Report that demonstrates the basin has operated within its sustainable yield for a period of at least 10 years
 - It must be consistent with and balance the intent of the Act (SGMA) with the functionally equivalent elements of a GSP
- A local agency or GSA must submit an Alternative to DWR for review by January 1, 2017 and every five years thereafter.
- Groundwater basins that are being managed sustainably are not required to create a GSA or develop a GSP.

Land Use Planning



- SGMA is intended to strengthen the connection between land use planning and water management throughout California.
- Amends Planning and Zoning Law to require increased coordination between land use planning agencies and groundwater sustainability/local agencies.
- Requires local planning agencies to review/consider a GSP/GMP/Interim Plan/Alternative prior to adopting a substantial amendment to the General Plan.

The State's Role

Department of Water Resources (DWR)

Evaluation and Assessment

Review GSPs/Alt-Plans for compliance with the legislation

Technical Assistance

Provide local agencies with assistance for implementation, including:

- Adopt regulations for GSPs/Alt Plans : June 1, 2016
- Publish report estimating water availability by Dec. 31, 2016
- Development of GW Sustainability BMPs by Jan. 1, 2017

Financial Assistance

Grant funding to be used for development and implementation of GSPs and projects.

The State's Role:

State Water Resources Control Board

- Will act as the backstop agency and intervene for those groundwater basins where:
 - A GSP or Alternate is not developed/adopted for the basin
 - The local agency or GSA does not implement the Plan
 - A GSA was not formed for the basin
- May designate a basin as probationary if not in compliance
- Local agency would have 6 months to one year to remedy
- If not, SWRCB may prepare an interim plan and assess fees to recover costs in administering basin oversight

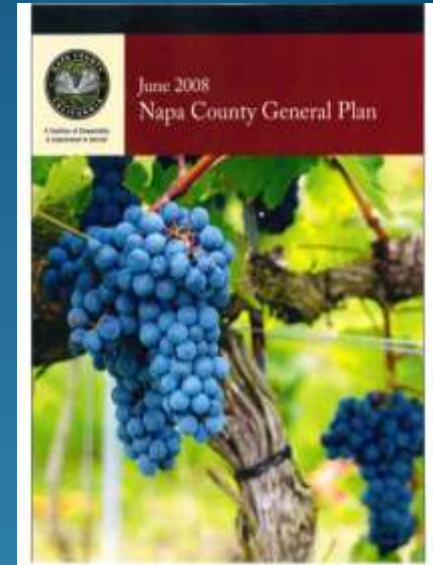
Groundwater Sustainability

Napa County General Plan and Groundwater Sustainability Objectives provide foundation

General Plan Update (June 2008):

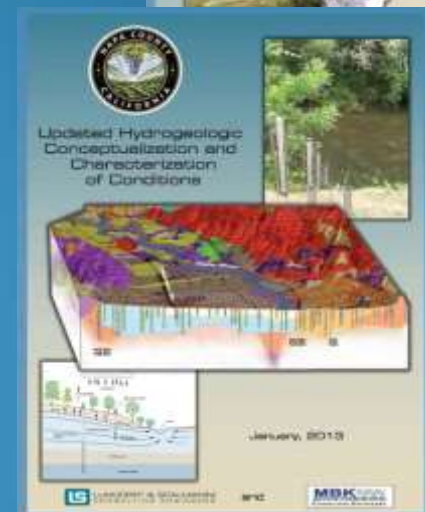
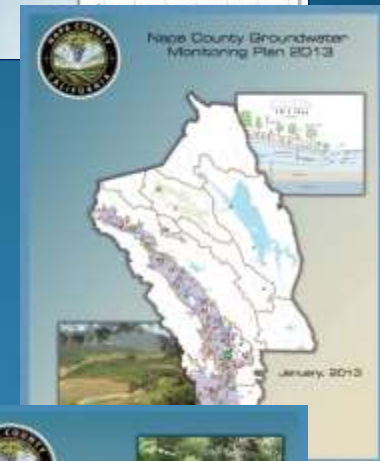
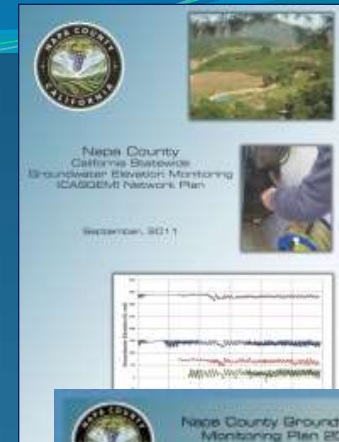
Water Resources Goals

- **Goal - CON-12:** Collect information about status of Surface and Groundwater resources for improved forecasting of supplies and effective management
 - **Action Item - CON WR-4:** Implement a countywide watershed monitoring program to assess health of County's watersheds
 - **Action Item - CON WR-8:** Monitor Surface and Groundwater interrelationships using County-owned wells and stream and precipitation gauges, data from private property owners on a voluntary basis, data via conditions of land-use approvals, data from DWR and other agencies/organizations



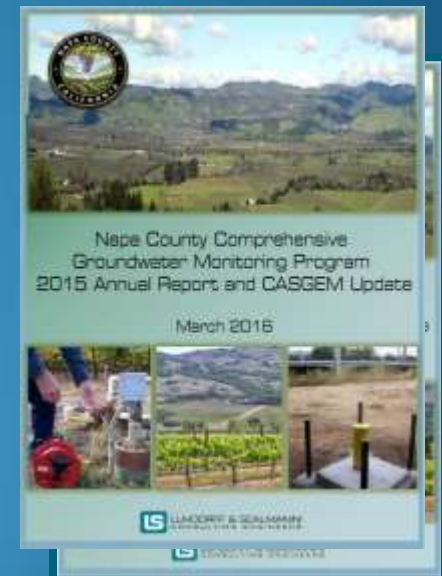
Working to Improve Our Understanding of Groundwater

- Request for Proposals/Contract (2009)
 - Comprehensive Groundwater Resources/ Monitoring Evaluation and Recommendations (LSCE)
- BOS Groundwater Workshop (Feb. 2011)
 - Report on GW Conditions/Monitoring Recommendations
 - Groundwater Resources Advisory Committee (GRAC)
- Groundwater Monitoring Plan (Jan 2013) and CASGEM Plan (Sept 2011/2014)
 - Plan addressing Long-term Monitoring Needs
- Updated Hydrogeologic Conceptualization & Characterization of Conditions (Jan 2013)
 - Report Addressing GW Data Gaps



Groundwater Monitoring

- **Monitoring well network:** expanded voluntary monitoring to help answer remaining questions
 - Supports County water resources goals and addresses identified data needs
 - Coordinates data collection with State/CASGEM
- **GW/SW Monitoring:** developed five new dedicated wells for groundwater/surface water monitoring along the Napa River
- **Groundwater Monitoring Annual Report:** provides an annual update on groundwater level trends and groundwater quality conditions



Napa County Groundwater Sustainability Objectives 2014



Groundwater Sustainability *(definition)*

Groundwater sustainability depends on the development and use of groundwater in a manner that can be maintained indefinitely without causing unacceptable economic, environmental, or social consequences, while protecting economic, environmental, and social benefits.

- As such, groundwater sustainability is both a goal and a process.
- Groundwater sustainability is a shared responsibility of everyone that lives and works in the County.

Groundwater Resources Advisory Committee



Sustainability:from Plans to Actions



- Expanded Monitoring Program and Annual Reporting to ensure long-term sustainability (General Plan goal)
- Updated County's Water Availability Analysis (WAA) and Groundwater Ordinance.
- Extended Recycled Water to the MST and Carneros
- Expanded Water Conservation Program Efforts
- Groundwater Outreach & Education (WICC & RCD)

Next Steps:



- **Groundwater Sustainability – Basin Analysis Report**
 - Board of Supervisors Meeting on Dec. 13, 2016
 - Submittal to State/DWR by Jan. 1, 2017
- **Annual GW Monitoring Report/CASGEM Update** (April 2017)
 - Address DWR requirements and GW Monitoring Plan priorities
- **DWR Proposed Groundwater BMPs/Others** (2017)
 - WICC Review of new groundwater BMPs/other items from DWR
- **Groundwater Model Update** (2017-2019)
 - Pursue grant funding for groundwater model update
- **Groundwater Sustainability Program** – (2018-2022)
 - Begin review/update of Basin Analysis Report for next DWR submittal



Thank You...